

AN ACT

relating to cybercrime; creating criminal offenses.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the Texas Cybercrime Act.

SECTION 2. Section 33.01, Penal Code, is amended by amending Subdivision (2) and adding Subdivisions (11-a), (13-a), (13-b), (13-c), and (15-a) to read as follows:

(2) "Aggregate amount" means the amount of:

(A) any direct or indirect loss incurred by a victim, including the value of money, property, or service stolen, appropriated, or rendered unrecoverable by the offense; or

(B) any expenditure required by the victim to:

(i) determine whether data or [verify that]  
a computer, computer network, computer program, or computer system was ~~[not]~~ altered, acquired, appropriated, damaged, deleted, or disrupted by the offense; or

(ii) attempt to restore, recover, or replace any data altered, acquired, appropriated, damaged, deleted, or disrupted.

(11-a) "Decryption," "decrypt," or "decrypted" means the decoding of encrypted communications or information, whether by use of a decryption key, by breaking an encryption formula or algorithm, or by the interference with a person's use of an

1 encryption service in a manner that causes information or  
2 communications to be stored or transmitted without encryption.

3 (13-a) "Encrypted private information" means  
4 encrypted data, documents, wire or electronic communications, or  
5 other information stored on a computer or computer system, whether  
6 in the possession of the owner or a provider of an electronic  
7 communications service or a remote computing service, and which has  
8 not been accessible to the public.

9 (13-b) "Encryption," "encrypt," or "encrypted" means  
10 the encoding of data, documents, wire or electronic communications,  
11 or other information, using mathematical formulas or algorithms in  
12 order to preserve the confidentiality, integrity, or authenticity  
13 of, and prevent unauthorized access to, such information.

14 (13-c) "Encryption service" means a computing  
15 service, a computer device, computer software, or technology with  
16 encryption capabilities, and includes any subsequent version of or  
17 update to an encryption service.

18 (15-a) "Privileged information" means:

19 (A) protected health information, as that term is  
20 defined by Section 182.002, Health and Safety Code;

21 (B) information that is subject to the  
22 attorney-client privilege; or

23 (C) information that is subject to the  
24 accountant-client privilege under Section 901.457, Occupations  
25 Code, or other law, if the information is on a computer, computer  
26 network, or computer system owned by a person possessing a license  
27 issued under Subchapter H, Chapter 901, Occupations Code.

1 SECTION 3. Chapter 33, Penal Code, is amended by adding  
2 Sections 33.022, 33.023, and 33.024 to read as follows:

3 Sec. 33.022. ELECTRONIC ACCESS INTERFERENCE. (a) A  
4 person, other than a network provider or online service provider  
5 acting for a legitimate business purpose, commits an offense if the  
6 person intentionally interrupts or suspends access to a computer  
7 system or computer network without the effective consent of the  
8 owner.

9 (b) An offense under this section is a third degree felony.

10 (c) It is a defense to prosecution under this section that  
11 the person acted with the intent to facilitate a lawful seizure or  
12 search of, or lawful access to, a computer, computer network, or  
13 computer system for a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

14 Sec. 33.023. ELECTRONIC DATA TAMPERING. (a) In this  
15 section, "ransomware" means a computer contaminant or lock that  
16 restricts access by an unauthorized person to a computer, computer  
17 system, or computer network or any data in a computer, computer  
18 system, or computer network under circumstances in which a person  
19 demands money, property, or a service to remove the computer  
20 contaminant or lock, restore access to the computer, computer  
21 system, computer network, or data, or otherwise remediate the  
22 impact of the computer contaminant or lock.

23 (b) A person commits an offense if the person intentionally  
24 alters data as it transmits between two computers in a computer  
25 network or computer system through deception and without a  
26 legitimate business purpose.

27 (c) A person commits an offense if the person intentionally

1 introduces ransomware onto a computer, computer network, or  
2 computer system through deception and without a legitimate business  
3 purpose.

4 (d) Subject to Subsections (d-1) and (d-2), an offense under  
5 this section is a Class C misdemeanor.

6 (d-1) Subject to Subsection (d-2), if it is shown on the  
7 trial of the offense that the defendant acted with the intent to  
8 defraud or harm another, an offense under this section is:

9 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the aggregate amount  
10 involved is less than \$100 or cannot be determined;

11 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the aggregate amount  
12 involved is \$100 or more but less than \$750;

13 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the aggregate amount  
14 involved is \$750 or more but less than \$2,500;

15 (4) a state jail felony if the aggregate amount  
16 involved is \$2,500 or more but less than \$30,000;

17 (5) a felony of the third degree if the aggregate  
18 amount involved is \$30,000 or more but less than \$150,000;

19 (6) a felony of the second degree if the aggregate  
20 amount involved is \$150,000 or more but less than \$300,000; and

21 (7) a felony of the first degree if the aggregate  
22 amount involved is \$300,000 or more.

23 (d-2) If it is shown on the trial of the offense that the  
24 defendant knowingly restricted a victim's access to privileged  
25 information, an offense under this section is:

26 (1) a state jail felony if the value of the aggregate  
27 amount involved is less than \$2,500;

1           (2) a felony of the third degree if:

2                   (A) the value of the aggregate amount involved is  
3 \$2,500 or more but less than \$30,000; or

4                   (B) a client or patient of a victim suffered harm  
5 attributable to the offense;

6           (3) a felony of the second degree if:

7                   (A) the value of the aggregate amount involved is  
8 \$30,000 or more but less than \$150,000; or

9                   (B) a client or patient of a victim suffered  
10 bodily injury attributable to the offense; and

11           (4) a felony of the first degree if:

12                   (A) the value of the aggregate amount involved is  
13 \$150,000 or more; or

14                   (B) a client or patient of a victim suffered  
15 serious bodily injury or death attributable to the offense.

16           (e) When benefits are obtained, a victim is defrauded or  
17 harmed, or property is altered, appropriated, damaged, or deleted  
18 in violation of this section, whether or not in a single incident,  
19 the conduct may be considered as one offense and the value of the  
20 benefits obtained and of the losses incurred because of the fraud,  
21 harm, or alteration, appropriation, damage, or deletion of property  
22 may be aggregated in determining the grade of the offense.

23           (f) A person who is subject to prosecution under this  
24 section and any other section of this code may be prosecuted under  
25 either or both sections.

26           (g) Software is not ransomware for the purposes of this  
27 section if the software restricts access to data because:

1           (1) authentication is required to upgrade or access  
2 purchased content; or

3           (2) access to subscription content has been blocked  
4 for nonpayment.

5           Sec. 33.024. UNLAWFUL DECRYPTION. (a) A person commits an  
6 offense if the person intentionally decrypts encrypted private  
7 information through deception and without a legitimate business  
8 purpose.

9           (b) Subject to Subsections (b-1) and (b-2), an offense under  
10 this section is a Class C misdemeanor.

11           (b-1) Subject to Subsection (b-2), if it is shown on the  
12 trial of the offense that the defendant acted with the intent to  
13 defraud or harm another, an offense under this section is:

14           (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the value of the aggregate  
15 amount involved is less than \$100 or cannot be determined;

16           (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the value of the aggregate  
17 amount involved is \$100 or more but less than \$750;

18           (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the value of the aggregate  
19 amount involved is \$750 or more but less than \$2,500;

20           (4) a state jail felony if the value of the aggregate  
21 amount involved is \$2,500 or more but less than \$30,000;

22           (5) a felony of the third degree if the value of the  
23 aggregate amount involved is \$30,000 or more but less than  
24 \$150,000;

25           (6) a felony of the second degree if the value of the  
26 aggregate amount involved is \$150,000 or more but less than  
27 \$300,000; and

1           (7) a felony of the first degree if the value of the  
2 aggregate amount involved is \$300,000 or more.

3           (b-2) If it is shown on the trial of the offense that the  
4 defendant knowingly decrypted privileged information, an offense  
5 under this section is:

6           (1) a state jail felony if the value of the aggregate  
7 amount involved is less than \$2,500;

8           (2) a felony of the third degree if:

9           (A) the value of the aggregate amount involved is  
10 \$2,500 or more but less than \$30,000; or

11           (B) a client or patient of a victim suffered harm  
12 attributable to the offense;

13           (3) a felony of the second degree if:

14           (A) the value of the aggregate amount involved is  
15 \$30,000 or more but less than \$150,000; or

16           (B) a client or patient of a victim suffered  
17 bodily injury attributable to the offense; and

18           (4) a felony of the first degree if:

19           (A) the value of the aggregate amount involved is  
20 \$150,000 or more; or

21           (B) a client or patient of a victim suffered  
22 serious bodily injury or death attributable to the offense.

23           (c) It is a defense to prosecution under this section that  
24 the actor's conduct was pursuant to an agreement entered into with  
25 the owner for the purpose of:

26           (1) assessing or maintaining the security of the  
27 information or of a computer, computer network, or computer system;

1 or

2 (2) providing other services related to security.

3 (d) A person who is subject to prosecution under this  
4 section and any other section of this code may be prosecuted under  
5 either or both sections.

6 SECTION 4. Section 33.03, Penal Code, is amended to read as  
7 follows:

8 Sec. 33.03. DEFENSES. It is an affirmative defense to  
9 prosecution under Section 33.02 or 33.022 that the actor was an  
10 officer, employee, or agent of a communications common carrier or  
11 electric utility and committed the proscribed act or acts in the  
12 course of employment while engaged in an activity that is a  
13 necessary incident to the rendition of service or to the protection  
14 of the rights or property of the communications common carrier or  
15 electric utility.

16 SECTION 5. The change in law made by this Act applies only  
17 to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act.  
18 An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is  
19 governed by the law in effect on the date the offense was committed,  
20 and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For  
21 purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the  
22 effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurred  
23 before that date.

24 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.



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President of the Senate

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Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 9 was passed by the House on April 13, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 139, Nays 0, 2 present, not voting; and that the House concurred in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 9 on May 26, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 142, Nays 0, 2 present, not voting.

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Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 9 was passed by the Senate, with amendments, on May 24, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0.

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Secretary of the Senate

APPROVED: \_\_\_\_\_

Date

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Governor