- 1 AN ACT
- 2 relating to the adoption of the Uniform Partition of Heirs'
- 3 Property Act.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Title 4, Property Code, is amended by adding
- 6 Chapter 23A to read as follows:
- 7 CHAPTER 23A. UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS' PROPERTY ACT
- 8 Sec. 23A.001. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the
- 9 Uniform Partition of Heirs' Property Act.
- 10 Sec. 23A.002. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 11 (1) "Ascendant" means an individual who precedes
- 12 <u>another individual in lineage, in the direct line of ascent from the</u>
- 13 <u>other individual.</u>
- 14 (2) "Collateral" means an individual who is related to
- 15 another individual under the law of intestate succession of this
- 16 state but who is not the other individual's ascendant or
- 17 descendant.
- 18 (3) "Descendant" means an individual who follows
- 19 another individual in lineage, in the direct line of descent from
- 20 the other individual.
- 21 (4) "Determination of value" means a court order
- 22 determining the fair market value of heirs' property under Section
- 23 23A.006 or 23A.010 or adopting the valuation of the property agreed
- 24 to by all cotenants.

1	(5) "Heirs' property" means real property held in
2	tenancy in common that satisfies all of the following requirements
3	as of the filing of a partition action:
4	(A) there is no agreement in a record binding all
5	the cotenants that governs the partition of the property;
6	(B) one or more of the cotenants acquired title
7	from a relative, whether living or deceased; and
8	(C) any of the following applies:
9	(i) 20 percent or more of the interests are
10	held by cotenants who are relatives;
11	(ii) 20 percent or more of the interests are
12	held by an individual who acquired title from a relative, whether
13	living or deceased; or
14	(iii) 20 percent or more of the cotenants
15	are relatives.
16	(6) "Partition by sale" means a court-ordered sale of
17	the entire heirs' property, whether by open-market sale, sealed
18	bids, or auction conducted under Section 23A.010.
19	(7) "Partition in kind" means the division of heirs
20	property into physically distinct and separately titled parcels.
21	(8) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a
22	tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium
23	and is retrievable in perceivable form.
24	(9) "Relative" means an ascendant, descendant, or
25	collateral or an individual otherwise related to another individual
26	by blood, marriage, adoption, or law of this state other than this

chapter.

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- 1 Sec. 23A.003. APPLICABILITY; RELATION TO OTHER LAW.
- 2 (a) In an action to partition real property under Chapter 23, the
- 3 court shall determine whether the property is heirs' property. If
- 4 the court determines that the property is heirs' property, the
- 5 property must be partitioned under this chapter unless all of the
- 6 cotenants otherwise agree in a record.
- 7 (b) This chapter supplements Chapter 23 and the Texas Rules
- 8 of Civil Procedure governing partition of real property. If an
- 9 action is governed by this chapter, this chapter supersedes
- 10 provisions of Chapter 23 and the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure
- 11 governing partition of real property that are inconsistent with
- 12 this chapter.
- 13 Sec. 23A.004. SERVICE; NOTICE BY POSTING. (a) This
- 14 chapter does not limit or affect the method by which service of a
- 15 petition in a partition action may be made.
- 16 (b) If the plaintiff in a partition action seeks citation by
- 17 publication and the court determines that the property may be
- 18 heirs' property, the plaintiff, not later than the 10th day after
- 19 the date the determination is made, shall post, and maintain while
- 20 the action is pending, a conspicuous sign on the property that is
- 21 the subject of the action. The sign must state that the action has
- 22 commenced and identify the name and address of the court and the
- 23 common designation by which the property is known. The court may
- 24 require the plaintiff to publish on the sign the name of the
- 25 plaintiff and the known defendants.
- Sec. 23A.005. COMMISSIONERS. If the court appoints
- 27 commissioners under Rule 761, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, each

- 1 commissioner, in addition to the requirements and
- 2 disqualifications applicable to commissioners under that rule,
- 3 must be impartial and may not be a party to or a participant in the
- 4 action.
- 5 Sec. 23A.006. DETERMINATION OF VALUE. (a) Except as
- 6 provided by Subsection (b) or (c), if the court determines that the
- 7 property that is the subject of a partition action is heirs'
- 8 property, the court shall determine the fair market value of the
- 9 property by ordering an appraisal under Subsection (d).
- 10 (b) If all cotenants have agreed to the value of the
- 11 property or to another method of valuation, the court shall adopt
- 12 that value or the value produced by the agreed method of valuation.
- 13 (c) If the court determines that the evidentiary value of an
- 14 appraisal is outweighed by the cost of the appraisal, the court,
- 15 after an evidentiary hearing, shall determine the fair market value
- 16 of the property and send notice to the parties of the value.
- 17 (d) If the court orders an appraisal, the court shall
- 18 appoint a disinterested real estate appraiser to determine the fair
- 19 market value of the property assuming sole ownership of the fee
- 20 simple estate. On completion of the appraisal, the appraiser shall
- 21 file a sworn or verified appraisal with the court.
- (e) If an appraisal is conducted under Subsection (d), not
- 23 later than the 10th day after the date the appraisal is filed, the
- 24 court shall send notice to each party with a known address, stating:
- 25 (1) the appraised fair market value of the property;
- 26 (2) that the appraisal is available at the clerk's
- 27 office; and

- 1 (3) that a party may file with the court an objection
- 2 to the appraisal not later than the 30th day after the date notice
- 3 is sent, stating the grounds for the objection.
- 4 (f) If an appraisal is filed with the court under Subsection
- 5 (d), the court shall conduct a hearing to determine the fair market
- 6 value of the property not earlier than the 30th day after the date a
- 7 copy of the notice of the appraisal is sent to each party under
- 8 Subsection (e), whether or not an objection to the appraisal is
- 9 <u>filed under Subsection (e)(3).</u> In addition to the court-ordered
- 10 appraisal, the court may consider any other evidence of value
- 11 offered by a party.
- 12 (g) After a hearing under Subsection (f), but before
- 13 considering the merits of the partition action, the court shall
- 14 determine the fair market value of the property and send notice to
- 15 the parties of the value.
- Sec. 23A.007. COTENANT BUYOUT. (a) If any cotenant
- 17 requested partition by sale, after the determination of value under
- 18 Section 23A.006, the court shall send notice to the parties that any
- 19 cotenant except a cotenant that requested partition by sale may buy
- 20 all the interests of the cotenants that requested partition by
- 21 sale.
- 22 (b) Not later than the 45th day after the date notice is sent
- 23 under Subsection (a), any cotenant except a cotenant that requested
- 24 partition by sale may give notice to the court that the cotenant
- 25 elects to buy all the interests of the cotenants that requested
- 26 partition by sale.
- 27 (c) The purchase price for each of the interests of a

- 1 cotenant that requested partition by sale is the value of the entire
- 2 parcel determined under Section 23A.006 multiplied by the
- 3 cotenant's fractional ownership of the entire parcel.
- 4 (d) After the period provided by Subsection (b) expires:
- 5 (1) if only one cotenant elects to buy all the
- 6 interests of the cotenants that requested partition by sale, the
- 7 court shall notify all the parties of that fact;
- 8 (2) if more than one cotenant elects to buy all the
- 9 interests of the cotenants that requested partition by sale, the
- 10 court shall:
- 11 (A) allocate the right to buy those interests
- 12 among the electing cotenants based on each electing cotenant's
- 13 existing fractional ownership of the entire parcel divided by the
- 14 total existing fractional ownership of all cotenants electing to
- 15 buy; and
- 16 (B) send notice to all the parties of that fact
- and of the price to be paid by each electing cotenant; or
- 18 (3) if no cotenant elects to buy all the interests of
- 19 the cotenants that requested partition by sale, the court shall:
- 20 (A) send notice to all the parties of that fact;
- 21 and
- 22 (B) resolve the partition action under Section
- 23 23A.008(a) or (b).
- 24 (e) If the court sends notice to the parties under
- 25 Subsection (d)(1) or (2), the court shall set a date, not earlier
- 26 than the 60th day after the date notice was sent, by which an
- 27 electing cotenant must pay the cotenant's apportioned price into

the court. After that date: 1 2 (1) if all electing cotenants timely pay their 3 apportioned price into court, the court shall: 4 (A) issue an order reallocating all the interests 5 of the cotenants; and 6 (B) disburse the amounts held by the court to the 7 persons entitled to them; 8 (2) if no electing cotenant timely pays 9 apportioned price, the court shall resolve the partition action under Section 23A.008(a) or (b) as if the interests of the cotenants 10 11 that requested partition by sale were not purchased; or (3) if one or more but not all of the electing 12 13 cotenants fail to pay their apportioned price on time, the court shall give notice to the electing cotenants that paid their 14 apportioned price of the interest remaining and the price for all 15 16 that interest. 17 (f) Not later than the 20th day after the date the court gives notice under Subsection (e)(3), any cotenant that paid may 18 elect to purchase all of the remaining interest by paying the entire 19 price into the court. After that period expires: 20 21 (1) if only one cotenant pays the entire price for the 22 remaining interest, the court shall: 23 (A) issue an order reallocating the remaining 24 interest to that cotenant; 25 (B) promptly issue an order reallocating the interests of all of the cotenants; and 26

(C) disburse the amounts held by the court to the

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- 1 persons entitled to the amounts; 2
- (2) if no cotenant pays the entire price for the
- 3 remaining interest, the court shall resolve the partition action
- 4 under Section 23A.008(a) or (b) as if the interests of the cotenants
- 5 that requested partition by sale were not purchased; or
- 6 (3) if more than one cotenant pays the entire price for
- 7 the remaining interest, the court shall:
- 8 (A) reapportion the remaining interest among
- 9 those paying cotenants, based on each paying cotenant's original
- fractional ownership of the entire parcel divided by the total 10
- 11 original fractional ownership of all cotenants that paid the entire
- price for the remaining interest; 12
- 13 (B) promptly issue an order reallocating all of
- 14 the cotenants' interests;
- 15 (C) disburse the amounts held by the court to the
- 16 persons entitled to the amounts; and
- 17 (D) promptly refund any excess payment held by
- 18 the court.
- (g) Not later than the 45th day after the date the court 19
- 20 sends notice to the parties under Subsection (a), any cotenant
- entitled to buy an interest under this section may request the court 21
- to authorize the sale as part of the pending action of the interests 22
- 23 of cotenants named as defendants and served with the complaint but
- 24 that did not appear in the action.
- 25 (h) If the court receives a timely request under Subsection
- (g), the court, after hearing, may deny the request or authorize the 26
- 27 requested additional sale on such terms as the court determines are

- 1 fair and reasonable, subject to the following limitations:
- 2 (1) a sale authorized under this subsection may occur
- 3 only after the purchase prices for all interests subject to sale
- 4 under Subsections (a) through (f) have been paid into court and
- 5 those interests have been reallocated among the cotenants as
- 6 provided in those subsections; and
- 7 (2) the purchase price for the interest of a
- 8 nonappearing cotenant is based on the court's determination of
- 9 value under Section 23A.006.
- 10 Sec. 23A.008. PARTITION ALTERNATIVES. (a) If all the
- 11 interests of all cotenants that requested partition by sale are not
- 12 purchased by other cotenants under Section 23A.007, or if after
- 13 conclusion of the buyout under Section 23A.007 a cotenant remains
- 14 that has requested partition in kind, the court shall order
- 15 partition in kind unless the court, after consideration of the
- 16 <u>factors listed in Section 23A.009</u>, finds that partition in kind
- 17 will result in substantial prejudice to the cotenants as a group.
- 18 In considering whether to order partition in kind, the court shall
- 19 approve a request by two or more parties to have the requesting
- 20 parties' individual interests aggregated.
- 21 (b) If the court does not order partition in kind under
- 22 Subsection (a), the court shall order partition by sale under
- 23 <u>Section 23A.010 or, if no cotenant requested partition by sale, the</u>
- 24 <u>court shall dismiss the action.</u>
- 25 (c) If the court orders partition in kind under Subsection
- 26 (a), the court may require that one or more cotenants pay one or
- 27 more other cotenants amounts so that the payments, taken together

- 1 with the value of the in-kind distributions to the cotenants, will
- 2 make the partition in kind just and proportionate in value to the
- 3 fractional interests held.
- 4 (d) If the court orders partition in kind, the court shall
- 5 allocate to the cotenants that are unknown, unlocatable, or the
- 6 subject of a default judgment, if those cotenants' interests were
- 7 not bought out under Section 23A.007, a part of the property
- 8 representing the combined interests of those cotenants as
- 9 determined by the court, and that part of the property shall remain
- 10 undivided.
- 11 Sec. 23A.009. CONSIDERATIONS FOR PARTITION IN KIND.
- 12 (a) In determining under Section 23A.008(a) whether partition in
- 13 kind would result in substantial prejudice to the cotenants as a
- 14 group, the court shall consider the following:
- 15 (1) whether the heirs' property practicably can be
- 16 divided among the cotenants;
- 17 (2) whether partition in kind would apportion the
- 18 property in such a way that the aggregate fair market value of the
- 19 parcels resulting from the division would be materially less than
- 20 the value of the property if the property were sold as a whole,
- 21 taking into account the condition under which a court-ordered sale
- 22 <u>likely would occur;</u>
- 23 (3) evidence of the collective duration of ownership
- 24 or possession of the property by a cotenant and one or more
- 25 predecessors in title or predecessors in possession to the cotenant
- 26 who are or were relatives of the cotenant or each other;
- 27 (4) a cotenant's sentimental attachment to the

- 1 property, including any attachment arising because the property has
- 2 ancestral or other unique or special value to the cotenant;
- 3 (5) the lawful use being made of the property by a
- 4 cotenant and the degree to which the cotenant would be harmed if the
- 5 cotenant could not continue the same use of the property;
- 6 (6) the degree to which the cotenants have contributed
- 7 the cotenants' pro rata share of the property taxes, insurance, and
- 8 other expenses associated with maintaining ownership of the
- 9 property or have contributed to the physical improvement,
- 10 maintenance, or upkeep of the property; and
- 11 (7) any other relevant factor.
- 12 (b) The court may not consider any one factor under
- 13 Subsection (a) to be dispositive without weighing the totality of
- 14 all relevant factors and circumstances.
- 15 Sec. 23A.010. OPEN-MARKET SALE, SEALED BIDS, OR AUCTION.
- 16 (a) If the court orders a sale of heirs' property, the sale must be
- 17 an open-market sale unless the court finds that a sale by sealed
- 18 bids or at an auction would be more economically advantageous and in
- 19 the best interest of the cotenants as a group.
- 20 (b) If the court orders an open-market sale and the parties,
- 21 not later than the 10th day after the date the order is entered,
- 22 agree on a real estate broker to offer the property for sale, the
- 23 court shall appoint the broker and establish a reasonable
- 24 commission. If the parties do not agree on a broker, the court
- 25 shall appoint a disinterested real estate broker to offer the
- 26 property for sale and shall establish a reasonable commission. The
- 27 broker shall offer the property for sale in a commercially

- 1 reasonable manner at a price no lower than the determination of
- 2 value and on the terms and conditions established by the court.
- 3 (c) If the broker appointed under Subsection (b) obtains
- 4 within a reasonable time an offer to purchase the property for at
- 5 least the determination of value:
- 6 (1) the broker shall comply with the reporting
- 7 requirements of Section 23A.011; and
- 8 (2) the sale may be completed in accordance with state
- 9 law other than this chapter.
- 10 (d) If the broker appointed under Subsection (b) does not
- 11 obtain within a reasonable time an offer to purchase the property
- 12 for at least the determination of value, the court, after hearing,
- 13 may:
- 14 (1) approve the highest outstanding offer, if any;
- 15 (2) redetermine the value of the property and order
- 16 that the property continue to be offered for an additional time; or
- 17 (3) order that the property be sold by sealed bids or
- 18 at an auction.
- (e) If the court orders a sale by sealed bids or at an
- 20 auction, the court shall set terms and conditions of the sale. If
- 21 the court orders an auction, the auction must be conducted in the
- 22 manner provided by law for a sale made under execution.
- 23 (f) If a purchaser is entitled to a share of the proceeds of
- 24 the sale, the purchaser is entitled to a credit against the price in
- 25 an amount equal to the purchaser's share of the proceeds.
- Sec. 23A.011. REPORT OF OPEN-MARKET SALE. (a) Unless
- 27 required to do so earlier by other law governing the partition of

- 1 real property, a broker appointed under Section 23A.010(b) to offer
- 2 heirs' property for open-market sale shall file a report with the
- 3 court not later than the seventh day after the date an offer is
- 4 received to purchase the property for at least the value determined
- 5 under Section 23A.006 or 23A.010.
- 6 (b) The report required by Subsection (a) must contain the
- 7 following <u>information</u>:
- 8 (1) a description of the property to be sold to each
- 9 buyer;
- 10 (2) the name of each buyer;
- 11 (3) the proposed purchase price;
- 12 (4) the terms and conditions of the proposed sale,
- 13 including the terms of any owner financing;
- 14 (5) the amounts to be paid to lienholders;
- 15 (6) a statement of contractual or other arrangements
- 16 or conditions of the broker's commission; and
- 17 (7) other material facts relevant to the sale.
- 18 Sec. 23A.012. UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.
- 19 In applying and construing this chapter, consideration must be
- 20 given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to
- 21 the subject matter of this chapter among states that enact a law
- 22 based on the uniform act on which this chapter is based.
- Sec. 23A.013. RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL
- 24 AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT. This chapter modifies, limits, and
- 25 supersedes the Electronic Signatures in Global and National
- 26 Commerce Act (15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et seq.) but does not modify,
- 27 limit, or supersede Section 101(c) of that act (15 U.S.C. Section

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- 1 7001(c)) or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices
- 2 described in Section 103(b) of that act (15 U.S.C. Section
- 3 7003(b)).
- 4 SECTION 2. Chapter 23A, Property Code, as added by this Act,
- 5 applies only to a partition action commenced on or after the
- 6 effective date of this Act. A partition action commenced before the
- 7 effective date of this Act is governed by the law as it existed
- 8 immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is
- 9 continued in effect for that purpose.
- SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.

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President of the Senate Speaker of the House
I hereby certify that S.B. No. 499 passed the Senate or
April 10, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0.
Secretary of the Senate
I hereby certify that S.B. No. 499 passed the House or
May 19, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 144, Nays 0, two
present not voting.
Chief Clerk of the House
Approved:
Date
Governor